Sri Venkateswara University Model Paper; DSC3B II B.Com General/CA/ASM/TAX/B.A, Accountancy Semester – III, Nov, 2016 Corporate Accounting (DSC 1 C)

Answer any Five of the following Questions

(5 x 3 = 15 Marks)

- 1. (a) Share Capital
 - (b) Forfeiture of Shares
 - (c) Debentures
 - (d) Sinking fund
 - (e) Super Profits
 - (f) Methods of Valuations of Shares
 - (g) Need for valuation of good will
 - (h) Fair value method
 - (i) Profit and Loss appropriation account
 - (j) Companies Act 2013

UNIT I

2. A Ltd. Invited applications for 10,000 shares of Rs.100 each at a discount of 5 per cent payable as follows:

On application Rs.25; On allotment Rs.34; On first call and final call Rs.36.

The applications received were for 9,000 shares and all of these were accepted. All moneys due were received except the first and final call on 200 shares which were forfeited. 100 Shares were reissued @ Rs.90 as fully paid.

You are required to show journal entries in the books of the company.

3. A limited company issued a prospectus inviting applications for 2,000 shares of Rs.10 each at a premium of Rs.2 per share payable as follows:

On applications Rs.2; on allotment Rs.5 (including premium); on First Call Rs.3 and on Second Call Rs.2

Applications were received for 3,000 shares and allotments made pro-rata to the applicants for 2,400 shares, the remaining applications being refused. Money overpaid on application was employed on account of sums due on allotment.

X to whom 40 shares were allotted, failed to pay the allotment money and on his subsequent failure to pay the first call, his shares were forfeited. Y, the holder of 60 shares

failed to pay the two calls, and his shares were forfeited after the second call hand been made.

Of the shares forfeited, 80 shares were sold to Z, credited as fully paid, for Rs.9 per share, the whole of X's share being included.

Show journal and Cash Book entries.

UNIT II

4. Raghavendra Co. Ltd. offered 1000, 5% debentures of Rs 100 each. Pass necessary journal entries in the following cases.

a) Issued at par and redeemable at par.

- b) Issued at 10% premium and redeemable at par.
- c) Issued at 6% discount and redeemable at par.
- d) Issued at par and redeemable at 10% premium.
- e) Issued at 6% discount and redeemable at 10% premium.

OR

5. On 1^{st} April 2009 Anuradha company issued 4000 debentures of Rs 100 at par, redeemable at par on 31^{st} March, 2014. A sinking Fund was established for this purpose. It was expected that investments would earn 5% interest. Sinking Fund tables show that Rs 0.180975 amounts to Rs 1 at the end of 5^{th} year @ 5%.

On 31st March, 2014, the investments realized Rs 2,96,000. On that date the company's bank balance stood at Rs 1,45,000. The debentures were duly redeemed.

Prepare sinking Fund Account and sinking Fund Investments Account assuming that the investments were made to the nearest Rs 10.

UNIT III

6. The following particulars are available in respect of a business firm.

- i. Average capital employed Rs. 50,000.
- ii. Trading results: 2005 (Profit Rs. 12,200) 2006 (Profit Rs. 15,000) , 2007 (Rs. 2,000) and 2008 (Profit Rs. 21,000)
- iii. Market rate of interest on investment at 8%.
- iv. Rate of risk return on capital invested at 2%.
- Remuneration of the proprietor Rs. 3,600 pa. You are required to compute the value of Goodwill on the basis of 3 years purchase of super profit.

- 7. The following particulars are available in respect:
 - i. Profits earned in 2000-Rs.50,000, 2001-Rs.60,000 and 2002-Rs.55,000
 - ii. Normal rate of return 10%
 - iii. Capital employed Rs. 3,00,000
 - iv. Present value of annuity for 5 years at 10% is Rs. 3.78 in a Rupee.
 - v. The profit included non-recurring profit on an average basis of Rs. 4000 out of which it was deemed that even non-recurring profits had a tendency of appearing at Rs. 1000 pa.

You are required to calculate goodwill under the following methods.

- ➤ As per five years purchase of super profit.
- ➢ As per capitalization method.
- \succ As per annuity method.

UNIT IV

8. The following details are extracted from the records of Gopi Co. Ltd. For the year ending 31.12.2010. You are required to calculate the value of equity share.

2000, 9% preference share of Rs. 100 each Rs, 2,00,000

50,000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each, Rs. 8 per share paid Rs. 4,00,000

Expected profits per year before tax Rs. 2,18,000 rating tax 50 percent.

Transfer to general reserve every year Rs. 20% of the profit normal rate of earnings. Transfer to general reserve every year Rs. 20% of the profit normal rate of earnings 15 percent.

9. The following is the Balance sheet of Srinivasa co. Ltd for the year ending with 31st March, 2012

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
8% preference share capital at		Land &Buildings	2,50,000
Rs. 100 each	1,50,000	Plant & Machinery	70,000
3000 Equity shares at Rs 100	3,00,000	Furniture	18,000
Bank Overdraft	60,000	Goodwill	70,000
Sundry creditors	64,000	Cash in Hand	12,000
Profit & Loss Account	56,000	Cash at Bank	28,000
General Reserve	70,000	Sundry Debtors	90,000
		Stock in Trade	1,30,000
		Preliminary Expenses	12,000
		Discount on issue of shares	20,000
	7,00,000		7,00,000
	-		

Assets are revued as given below :

1.Land & Buildings Rs. 3,00,000, Plant & Machinery Rs.64,000 .depreciate furniture by 10%

2. Debtors are expected to realise at 80% and stock in Trade is Rs. 1,42,000

Find the value of equity share

UNIT V

10. Following is the Balance of BHANU Ltd. as on 31st March, 2013

Debit Balances	Rs	Credit Balances	Rs
Stock on 1-4-2012	75,000	Purchase returns	10,000
Purchases	2,45,000	Sales	3,40,000
Wages	30,000	Discount received	3,000
Carriage	950	Surplus A/c	15,000
Furniture	17,000	Share Capital	1,00,000
Salaries	7,500	Creditors	17,500
Rent	4,000	General reserve	15,500
Sundry Trade Expenses	16,950	Bills Payable	7,000
Debtors	27,500		
Plant and Machinery	29,000		
Cash at Bank	45,300		
Patents	4,800		
Bills receivable	5,000		

Prepare Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ending 31st March, 2013 and a Balance Sheet on that date after considering the following adjustments:

- (a) Stock on 31-3-2013 was ` 88,000.
- (b) Depreciate Plant and Machinery at 15%, Furniture 10% and Patents at 5%
- (c) Outstanding rent amounted to `800 and outstanding salaries `900.
- (d) Provide ` 5100 for doubtful debts.
- (e) The Board recommends payment of dividend @ 15% per annum.
- (f) Transfer the minimum required amount to general reserve.

OR

11.Following are the balances of ABC Limited as on 31st March, 2013:

Debit	Rs	Credit	Rs
Premises	30,72,000	Equity Share Capital	40,00,000
Plant	33,00,000	12% Debentures	30,00,000
Stock	7,50,000	Surplus account	2,63,000
Debtors	8,70,000	Bills payable	3,70,000
Goodwill	2,50,000	Creditors	4,00,000
Bank	4,52,000	General Reserve	2,50,000

Cahs in Arrears	75,000	Sales	41,50,000
Interim Dividend	6,00,000	Bad Debts Provision	35,000
paid			
Purchases	18,50,000		
Wages	7,71,000		
General Expenses	74,000		
Salaries	2,03,000		
Bad debts	21,000		
Debenture Interest	1,80,000		
paid			

Additional Information:

- (1) Depreciation Plant by 10%
- (2) Write off ` 5,000 from Preliminary Expenses.
- (3) Half year's Debenture interest due.
- (4) Create 5% provision on Debtors for doubtful debts.
- (5) Provide for Income Tax @ 35%.
- (6) Stock on 31st March, 2013 was `9,50,000.
- (7) No final dividend is declared by the company.
- (8) Ignore Corporate Dividend Tax.
- (9) Transfer the minimum required amount to General Reserve.